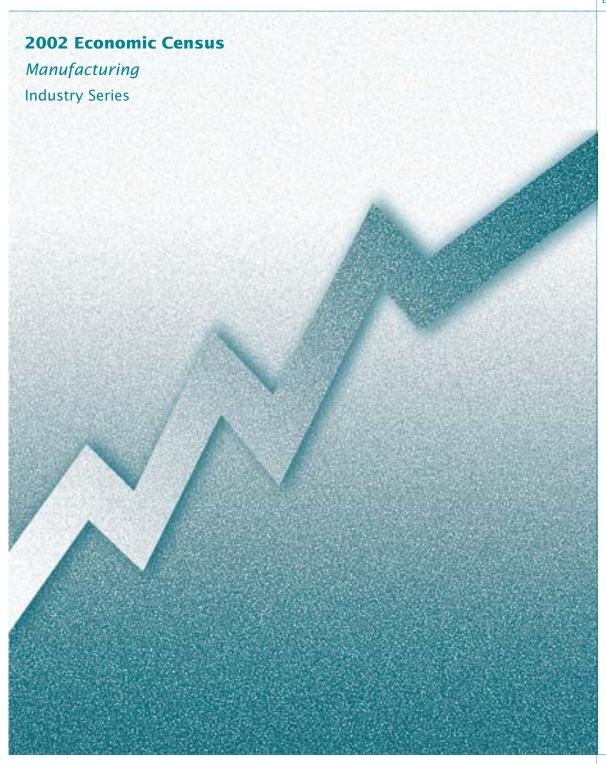
# Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturing: 2002

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and year <sup>1</sup>		All	All employees		Production workers				Total		Total capital
	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>	estab- lish- ments <sup>3</sup>	Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)		expendi- tures (\$1,000)
327320, Ready-mix concrete											
manufacturing2002	2 596	5 570	98 360	3 640 427	79 582	160 454	2 794 396	10 286 897	11 299 472	21 573 773	1 056 349
2001	N	N	102 790			172 852	2 716 372	10 017 236	11 459 783	21 472 894	838 234
2000	N	N	101 103	3 622 064	79 796	171 405	2 643 683	9 518 744	11 412 475	20 933 332	938 092
1999	N	l N	102 044	3 529 981	81 141	173 135	2 592 088	9 475 861	11 081 867	20 569 578	985 361
1998	N	l N	94 401	3 177 079	75 157	158 418	2 346 495	8 832 097	10 533 584	19 388 319	834 318
1997	2 888	5 221	93 136	2 965 346	72 464	147 770	2 153 268	7 780 774	9 418 330	17 219 886	798 851

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establ	ishments <sup>2</sup>	All em	ployees	Pro	oduction work	kers				
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
327320, Ready-mix concrete manufacturing												
United States.  Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Delaware Florida Georgia Hawaii Illinois Indiana	2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 - 2	5 570 147 68 93 396 18 304 235 12 221 157	1 649 20 35 21 174 7 114 78 8 74 49	98 360 1 688 2 055 1 181 9 315 378 5 739 4 487 448 3 877 2 614	3 640 427 57 943 67 432 36 428 391 930 13 241 193 992 163 406 24 222 164 698 102 407	79 582 1 361 1 713 982 7 545 275 4 614 3 701 255 3 255 2 166	160 454 2 906 3 013 1 988 15 466 581 9 630 7 924 566 6 576 4 494	2 794 396 44 225 52 046 30 012 306 556 8 755 144 968 131 390 15 410 136 063 79 784	10 286 897 170 861 196 535 88 017 1 127 050 38 476 745 371 420 489 68 306 423 032 265 782	11 299 472 197 644 248 102 91 861 1 486 366 40 862 700 140 488 570 59 261 437 455 277 635	21 573 773 369 148 444 197 179 856 2 614 585 78 360 1 445 192 909 208 127 920 860 706 543 785	1 056 349 13 810 15 919 11 590 95 401 8 711 39 539 38 517 7 971 38 582 27 611
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska	2 4 1 3 5 1 2 4 2 1	178 92 99 76 36 192 115 96 198 72	32 23 27 26 21 66 32 16 47	2 163 1 446 1 479 1 429 1 658 3 144 1 976 1 212 2 718 1 043	68 919 50 111 46 608 48 747 66 087 140 851 75 709 39 005 89 081 34 565	1 816 1 152 1 141 1 094 1 373 2 289 1 333 978 2 270 858	3 273 2 347 2 230 2 366 2 955 4 736 2 514 1 861 4 087 1 629	55 288 36 866 35 966 33 714 49 886 97 615 50 793 29 465 70 605 25 304	167 252 148 172 133 227 116 691 146 590 373 987 216 995 98 056 220 865 95 480	175 348 170 172 125 092 145 026 143 906 331 896 219 410 116 213 239 669 117 511	343 214 318 419 258 370 260 299 290 472 708 054 435 258 214 066 459 953 211 784	20 117 27 187 16 147 14 347 17 612 32 468 17 142 10 327 29 260 13 899
Nevada	2 1 4 1 3 2 1 2 1	38 17 67 36 173 225 28 231 136 78	18 8 38 11 53 43 2 68 20 24	1 363 387 2 150 662 2 997 3 493 197 3 980 1 308 1 351	59 641 15 604 94 874 21 979 121 433 113 631 8 152 147 689 39 188 50 993	1 206 294 1 655 538 2 354 2 959 167 3 254 1 158 978	2 503 644 3 388 1 028 4 548 5 705 318 6 717 2 215 2 037	52 628 10 877 69 966 16 148 91 971 90 110 5 685 115 329 32 277 35 647	158 241 42 715 222 265 60 105 340 592 299 381 17 942 385 508 128 638 151 123	173 031 34 270 246 300 59 761 351 228 335 455 27 059 446 330 138 003 128 120	331 300 75 746 462 007 119 847 687 697 633 924 45 008 835 563 266 678 279 057	15 300 7 881 22 098 7 336 31 872 32 240 931 42 145 17 715 13 335
Pennsylvania . South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	2 2 2 4 2 4 1 3 1 3	194 86 32 125 474 43 151 82 49 132 26	48 21 6 37 116 15 36 29 9 37	2 971 1 362 479 2 082 8 234 787 2 384 2 111 617 2 199 304	100 634 48 860 15 101 67 141 302 308 29 798 83 784 85 399 18 231 85 282 11 228	2 416 1 140 411 1 696 6 924 654 1 895 1 637 456 1 764 260	4 540 2 321 799 3 365 14 697 1 358 3 974 3 441 835 3 644 531	76 274 37 199 12 290 52 792 236 241 23 531 63 398 64 071 12 417 64 639 9 114	282 883 130 237 44 644 203 703 964 662 112 037 278 139 220 685 47 533 239 934 29 244	302 980 146 111 32 359 192 666 1 299 354 94 081 272 664 202 873 46 908 226 800 24 841	583 695 276 384 77 305 395 788 2 265 095 207 094 549 909 424 177 94 274 463 966 53 999	34 104 13 631 10 114 27 836 104 979 10 271 42 520 20 578 7 254 34 733 4 176

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

²Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

### Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
327320, Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number.	2 596
All establishments <sup>2</sup>	5 570 3 921 1 576 73
All employees3         number.           Total compensation         \$1,000           Annual payroll         \$1,000           Total fringe benefits         \$1,000	98 360 4 497 202 3 640 427 856 775
Production workers, average for year	79 582 76 087 80 454 81 290 79 762
Production worker hours	160 454 2 794 396
Total cost of materials         \$1,000.           Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used         \$1,000.           Resales         \$1,000.           Purchased fuels         \$1,000.           Purchased electricity         \$1,000.           Contract work         \$1,000.	11 299 472 10 501 707 476 083 164 058 100 310 57 314
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power     1,000 kWh.       Quantity of electricity generated less sold for heat and power     1,000 kWh.	1 420 635 5 936
Total value of shipments         \$1,000           Primary products value of shipments         \$1,000           Secondary products value of shipments         \$1,000           Total miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000           Value of resales         \$1,000           Contract receipts         \$1,000           Other miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000	21 573 773 20 115 719 636 022 822 032 675 078 45 829 101 125
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industry \$1,000.	97 20 424 813 20 115 719 309 094
Coverage ratiopercent	98
Value added\$1,000	10 286 897
Total inventories, beginning of year         \$1,000.           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000.           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000.           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000.	605 808 158 421 17 086 430 301
Total inventories, end of year         \$1,000           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000	665 446 167 758 20 345 477 343
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year         \$1,000           Total capital expenditures (new and used)         \$1,000           Buildings and other structures (new and used)         \$1,000           Machinery and equipment (new and used)         \$1,000           Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use         \$1,000           Computers and peripheral data processing equipment         \$1,000           All other expenditures for machinery and equipment         \$1,000           Total retirements         \$1,000           Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year         \$1,000	9 492 007 1 056 349 149 143 907 206 294 617 71 600 540 989 580 307 9 968 049
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000.	715 976
Total rental payments \$1,000. Buildings and other structures \$1,000. Machinery and equipment \$1,000.	374 126 139 535 234 591
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Response coverage ratio <sup>5</sup> percent. Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Communications services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Legal services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Advertising and promotional services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 Management consulting and administrative services <sup>4</sup> \$1,000 All other expenses <sup>4</sup> \$1,000	1 190 391 72 258 558 60 162 12 869 22 041 19 838 10 130 19 193 21 971 83 155 682 473

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			All emp	oloyees	P	roduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total
Employment size class		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)			Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
327320, Ready-mix concrete manufacturing											
All establishments  Establishments with — 1 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 10 to 249 employees 100 to 249 employees 250 to 499 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees 2,500 employees	2 2 1 1 2 4 3	5 570 1 624 982 1 315 1 288 288 66 7 -	98 360 3 672 6 776 18 326 38 754 19 146 9 350 2 336	3 640 427 137 761 239 052 647 351 1 451 813 727 252 341 841 95 357	79 582 3 043 5 674 15 318 30 864 15 308 7 414 1 961 —	160 454 6 077 11 658 30 633 62 272 30 756 14 764 4 294	2 794 396 106 636 193 206 525 449 1 099 875 539 537 253 289 76 404	749 297 810 028 2 024 054 3 965 803 1 861 099 679 233 197 383	918 244 918 321 2 139 345 4 328 521 1 963 233 736 099 295 708	21 573 773 1 668 837 1 733 419 4 160 121 8 278 201 3 823 470 1 416 844 492 985	1 056 349 61 322 88 192 179 703 416 256 175 014 111 711 24 151
Administrative records <sup>4</sup>	9	743	2 044	83 534	1 722	3 558	64 150	201 052	248 308	449 359	26 329

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All	All em	ployees	Pr	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>1</sup>	Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
327320	Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	5 570	98 360	3 640 427	79 582	160 454	2 794 396	10 286 897	11 299 472	21 573 773	1 056 349
3273200	Ready-mix concrete	5 570	98 360	3 640 427	79 582	160 454	2 794 396	10 286 897	11 299 472	21 573 773	1 056 349

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

#### Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
327320	Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	N	X	X	20 424 813 15 909 843	
3273200	Ready-mix concrete	N	X	×	20 424 813	
32732001	1997 Ready-mix concrete	N N	ŝ	ŝ	15 909 843 16 521 690	
3273200100	1997   Ready-mix concrete	1 492	ŝ	ŝ	15 193 332 16 521 690	
3273200Y	1997	1 952 N	X	X	15 193 332 3 903 123 716 511	
3273200YWW	Ready-mix concrete, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments	N N	X	Ŷ	710 511	
3273200YWY	1997	N N	â	î x	242 160	
32/3200 FW F	Ready-mix concrete, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	N N	X	X X	431 906 474 351	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Not applicable for this report.]

## Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
327320	Ready-mix concrete manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials	х	10 501 707
21232002	Sand and gravel. 1997 2002. 1997	X X X	8 576 817 2 054 578 N
21231200	Mining and quarrying of crushed and broken limestone (including dolomite, cement rock, marl, etc.)	X	532 676 459 692
21231300	Mining and quarrying of crushed and broken granite (including gneiss, syenite, and diorite)	X	87 747 44 441
21231900	Mining and quarrying of other crushed and broken stone (riprap, slate, marble, traprock, sandstone, quartz, etc.)	X	146 335 156 857
21230005	Mining and quarrying of other nonmetallic minerals (excluding fuels)	××	28 935 23 570
32510003	Ready-mixed concrete chemical processing preparations and materials	X	503 309 344 474
32731005	Portland and blended cements	χ̈́	3 365 230
32700015	Other stone, clay, and concrete products	XXX	2 601 914 157 352 128 150
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	×	491 400
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	x x	3 134 145 2 948 576

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.